HISTORIC DAYS OF CANADA

A CALENDAR

1898

Compiled by Sara Mickle

Assisted by Mary Agnes FitzGibbon

DRAWINGS BY

J. D. AND PERCY KELLY

Illustrated in Gold and Colours

Designed and Executed by the TORONTO LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY

PRICE, 75 CTS.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, Publisher

RICHMOND STREET WEST TORONTO, ONT

Historic Days of Canada

A CALENDAR.

"Love thou thy land, with love far brought
From out the storied past."

JANUARY.

L'HABITATION DU PORT ROYAL was the first permanent French settlement in Canada, then Acadia, and thus the first Canadian home. Founded in 1605, three years before Quebec and two years before the first English settlement at Jamestown, it is, with the exception of St. Augustine and Santa Fé, the oldest place on the continent. Here, for a time, lived De Monts, its founder, and here Champlain, filled with hopes of making new discoveries towards Florida, spent a winter, and, to pass the time, instituted his famous *Ordre de Bon Temps*. Hither, in the "Grace-a-Dieu," with a courage worthy of all honor, came Madame de Poutrincourt, one of the first women to seek a home in the New World.

The portrait said to be that of *Pierre du Guast, Sieur de Monts*, is perhaps not authentic, but it at least represents a gentleman of that period.

The *French shield* was found at Quebec after the Conquest. There is an account of it in Sir James Le Moine's charming book, "Quebec, Past and Present."

FEBRUARY.

These figures represent soldiers of different epochs of our history. Those from Gottfried's "Neue Welt" recall the period of Sir Francis Drake. Many writers are fond of calling Drake "freebooter," "half-pirate," and "buccaneer." But he should be remembered as the foremost of that daring band of navigators who first disputed with Spain the sovereignty of the sea, and struck blows which weakened the empire she was building up in the Western World, even before her power was irrevocably broken by the defeat of the "Invincible Armada."

THE DE LERY CREST. M. Joseph Gaspard Chaussegros, Sieur de Lery, a celebrated engineer, whose gallantry at the siege of Turin attracted the King's notice. Sent to New France, he planned and built up the fortifications at Quebec and elsewhere, and was the founder of a distinguished family.

MARCH.

BIENVILLE, the Founder of New Orleans, was one of the celebrated Le Moyne family. He helped his brother D'Iberville, the "Nelson of the North," in his great work of founding a new Empire for France, to the south, whose name, Louisiana, should ever perpetuate that of the "Sun King," Louis XIV.

FORT GARRY is the most historic spot in the great Western Provinces. The walls, with the modest towers flanking them, have disappeared; the gateway alone remains, and that is threatened, as are the walls of Quebec. These memorials belong not alone to Winnipeg, or to Quebec; they are our common heritage, and let every Canadian rise in his place and say that they shall be spared, to be, as in the past, a witness to the bravery and the heroism of the two great races that have united in the making of Canada.

APRIL.

MONCKTON, one of the early Lieut.-Governors of Nova Scotia. He commanded a battalion at the siege of Louisbourg, and was Brigadier-General under Wolfe at Quebec, where he was wounded. In 1761 he was appointed Governor of New York.

The "Peace Anchor" in 1814 was being transported to the Upper Lakes. Peace being declared it was abandoned, and remains still embedded in the sand near Holland Landing.

MAY.

LE DRAPEAU DE CARILLON, the consecrated banner borne by Montcalm's army, when with greatly inferior force he defeated Abercromby at Ticonderoga (Carillon), July 8th, 1758.

It was of this flag Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke at Paris, as "The flag of the Old Monarchy which his countrymen preserved as the apple of their eyes, beloved by the French and respected by the English." The flag was lost for a time after the burning of the Recollet Church. Later it was discovered by M. de Baillairgé, and is now in Laval University. It is held sacred, and is unrolled once a year, at the Feast of St. John—the 24th of June. It is a matter of great regret that we were unable to procure a sketch of the right side of this famous banner. The present illustration is taken from a photograph of the reverse.

Below are two swords, sheathed; the one presented by Sir Augustus D'Esté, son of the Duke of Sussex, to Colonel James FitzGibbon, as to one whose "services will cause his name to be remembered with respect and admiration by the loyal inhabitants of Upper Canada"; the other, that of Major-General Sir Fenwick Williams, of Kars, was presented by the Legislature of Nova Scotia to her distinguished son.

JUNE.

In this month an English ship first touched our shores, and the beautiful Map of the World illuminated by *Juan de la Cosa*, is the earliest extant which shows the discoveries of John Cabot. The original of Cosa's map is in Madrid, but there are *fac-simile* copies in the British Museum. Of its beauty too much cannot be said. It is worthy to be called "The Geographical Frontispiece of the History of the Discovery of America."

The map bears the inscription in Spanish, "Juan de la Cosa made it, in the port of Santa Maria (S : mj) in the year 1500." Above is an illustration of St. Christopher bearing the Christ-child across the water. Ferdinand Columbus gives us the same idea that the old map-maker sought to convey by this picture. Speaking of his father's name he says: "As St. Christopher is reported to have received that name because he carried Christ over the deep waters with great danger to himself, whence came the name of Christopher, and as he conveyed over the people whom no other could have carried, so Admiral Christophorus Colonus, imploring the assistance of Christ in that dangerous voyage, went over safely himself and his company, that those Indian nations might become citizens and inhabitants of the Church triumphant in heaven."

In the tiny portion of the map here reproduced, the land explored by Cabot is outlined from the *cavo discubierta* (cape of discovery) to the Cape of England (*cavo de Inglaterra*).

JULY.

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON, whose stone house in the Mohawk valley was the centre of influence over the Six Nation Indians, no step being taken by the British Government without consulting him, nor by the Indians without his advice. He took Fort Niagara, July 25th, 1759. Dying in 1774, a critical period in our history, his last message to the Chiefs was "to take care and not be shaken out of their shoes."

The **LANDING-PLACE OF THE UNITED EMPIRE LOYALIST** refugees, 1783, at the mouth of the Niagara River.

AUGUST.

FIRST PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO. The first Parliament of Upper Canada met at Newark (Niagara-on-the-Lake). Governor Simcoe, believing Toronto, which he named York, to be a better place for the seat of Government, erected these buildings, where Parliament sat from 1797 until they were burned by an invading force from the United States in 1813.

A CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT. The Supreme Court of Canada was organized in 1875, and sits at Ottawa, the Federal Capital of the Dominion.

SEPTEMBER.

WOLFE and **MONTCALM**, heroes who in name and fame are inseparably connected. In the final struggle for Canada, Montcalm, the brilliant and experienced general, fretting in vain against the abuses that surrounded him, was pitted against Wolfe, "the gallant invalid," the aspiring young soldier, who knew that the time was short in which to accomplish his aim, and win the "walled city of the North."

On the 13th of September, Wolfe, dying, won imperishable fame; for Montcalm, "Le destin en lui dérobant la victoire, l'a récompensé par une mort glorieuse."

PITT, EARL OF CHATHAM, that great statesman of the Empire, whose wisdom was, unfortunately, too often rejected, was the power behind Wolfe; while behind Montcalm was—La Pompadour.

OCTOBER.

THUNDER-CHILD (Pasic-wa-sis), a loyal chief of the Crees, who during Riel's Rebellion released the white prisoners taken by Poundmaker, and guided them into the British camp at Batoche.

THE SUN-DANCE TENT, the last erected, 1896, for the observance of the great religious fête of the Cree nation. In 1897, during the opening ceremony of gathering the poles for the erection of the great tent, the fête was stopped by the North-West Mounted Police, the Government believing its observance to be a hindrance to the civilization of the Indians.

NOVEMBER.

CHARLES POULETT THOMPSON, created **LORD SYDENHAM** of Kent and Toronto, under whose *régime* Upper and Lower Canada were united in 1841.

Below is the home of one of the Le Moyne family, so distinguished in our early history. It was of this house Frontenac said that it gave an idea of the fortified castles of France. The owner, Charles Le Moyne the younger, was created Baron de Longueuil by Louis XIV., and after the conquest George III. confirmed the grant, so brilliant had been the family record.

It is said that a wall of one of the large rooms was entirely covered with mirrors, and when the chateau was burned one of these was saved, and is still, with some furniture, in the possession of a descendant. The chateau stood nearly opposite Montreal, on the south shore of the St. Lawrence.

DECEMBER.

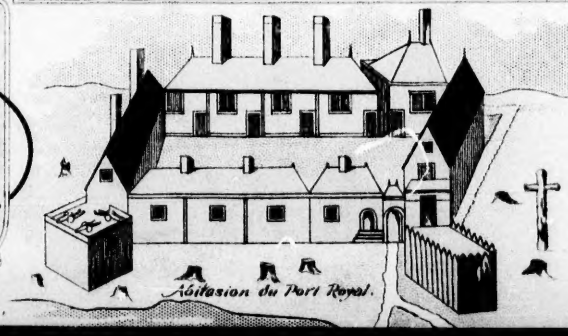
BOUGAINVILLE, whom his chief characterized as a "man of parts, pleasant company," was a celebrated navigator and founder of the Falkland Islands; at the period of the conquest he was aide-de-camp to Montcalm. He was no less brave in war than bold in his denunciation of the official abuses then rampant in the colony.

From his arrival in 1756 until the surrender of Canada, he is indissolubly and honorably connected with the story of that stirring period.

JANUARY Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	S	St. Ovide Captures St. John's Nf'ld.	1709
2	S	W.L. Mackenzie ret^d for York.	1832
3	M	(1) Verendrye discovers the Rockies.	1743
4	T	War declared against Spain.	1762
5	W	La Salle & Tonty at the mouth of the Illinois.	1682
6	T	Vancouver Sails.	1791
7	F	Great Britain issues "Orders in Council".	1807
8	S	(7) De Monts' Charter restored.	1608
9	S	(10) Award in the Boundary Controversy.	1831
10	M	C.G.D. Roberts Born.	1860
11	T	Arbitration Treaty Signed.	1897
12	W	Henry IV. Commissions De La Roche.	1598
13	T	(14) De Chaton & Noel's Commission.	1588
14	F	Rebels evacuate Navy Island.	1838
15	S	Trinity College Opened.	1852
16	S	Lord Durham appt^d Governor.	1838
17	M	Sir John Colborne Governor.	1839
18	T	(15) 45 Rectories created.	1836
19	W	(20) Address favoring Union adopted, B.C.	1871
20	T	Preliminary Articles, Treaty of Paris signed.	1783
21	F	Roger's Scouts repulsed at Ticonderoga.	1757
22	S	(21) Legislative Council first Meets, B.C.	1864
23	S	Chateau St. Louis Burned.	1834
24	M	De Courcelle is reinforced.	1666
25	T	(26) Sainterre sent to succor Roberval.	1542
26	W	Acadia becomes part of Massachusetts.	1692
27	T	Address against Clergy Reserves Act adopted.	1826
28	F	Ill-fated "City of Boston" Sails.	1870
29	S	Gen. Amherst Born.	1717
30	S	Alaska Boundary Treaty.	1897
31	M	Battle of Minas.	1747

Sieur de Monts.

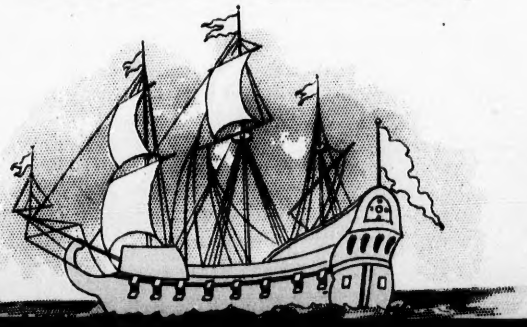


Habitation du Port Royal.

The French Shield 1759.

FEBRUARY Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	T	De Léry General of La Grande Armée.	1805
2	W	Canada granted to Sir. Wm. Alexander.	1628
3	T	(4) First Ball in New France.	1667
4	F	Yonge St. opened.	1796
5	S	(10) Noble surprised at Grand-Pré.	1747
6	S	La Salle on the Mississippi.	1681
7	M	Roberval's confirmatory letters patent.	1540
8	T	Behring Sea claims convention signed.	1896
9	W	Alabama Commissioners named.	1871
10	T	Canada ceded to England.	1763
11	F	Louis XIII commissions Latour.	1631
12	S	Amnesty to Riel.	1875
13	S	Report on Lord Egmont's Memorial, P.E.I.	1764
14	M	Constitution Act passed. B.C.	1871
15	T	First Legislature opens. B.C.	1872
16	W	(17) Chief Justice Osgoode died.	1824
17	T	Memorial against H.B.Co.	1847
18	F	Treaty of Ghent ratified.	1815
19	S	Boscawen's fleet sailed for Halifax.	1758
20	S	Abolition of tithes proclaimed.	1823
21	M	Papineau again elected Speaker.	1835
22	T	Amerigo Vespucci died.	1512
23	W	Lawrence's treaty with the Indians.	1760
24	T	100 Associates surrender their charter.	1663
25	F	Bienville founds New Orleans this month.	1718
26	S	De Salaberry died.	1829
27	S	Washington Treaty Com'r's meet.	1871
28	M	Deerfield taken.	1704

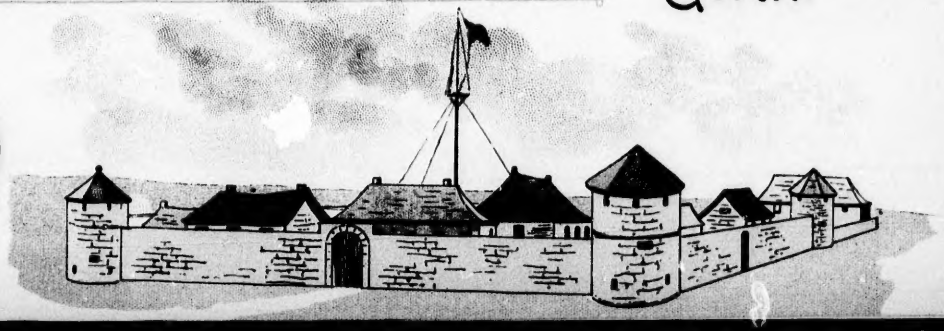


MARCH Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	T	"92 Resolutions" passed.	1834
2	W	Iberville enters the mouth of the Mississippi.	1699
3	T	(4) Madison's 2nd term begins.	1813
4	F	Court of Chancery established.	1837
5	S	First issue of Toronto Globe.	1844
6	S	Toronto incorporated as a city.	1834
7	M	Cook reaches the Northwest Coast.	1778
8	T	Warrant for seal of Upper Canada issued.	1792
9	W	(8) First iron bridge erected.	1822
10	T	Queen's College, Kingston, opened.	1842
11	F	(5) Cabot's first patent.	1496
12	S	Warrant for formation 100th Regiment.	1858
13	S	Convention on slave trade, England and U.S.	1824
14	M	La Salle takes possession of Arkansas.	1682
15	T	Champlain sails for Canada.	1603
16	W	Victoria B.C. founded by Douglas.	1843
17	T	Reciprocity Treaty terminated.	1866
18	F	Stamp Act repealed.	1766
19	S	Lord Dalhousie, Governor.	1820
20	S	(24) Pepperell's force sails.	1745
21	M	Mackay (of Formosa) born.	1844
22	T	Cook names Cape Flattery.	1778
23	W	Talon appointed Intendant.	1665
24	T	West India Company formed.	1664
25	F	Beaujeu attempts to relieve Quebec.	1776
26	S	Agreement of partnership H.B.& N.W. Co's.	1821
27	S	Salmon Falls taken.	1689
28	M	Action "Essex" and "Phoebe".	1814
29	T	Treaty of St. Germain-en-Laye.	1632
30	W	(29) B.N.A. Act passed.	1867
31	T	Sullivan commissioned to destroy the Six Nations.	1779

Nothing so Sweete is

As Our Countreys Earth.

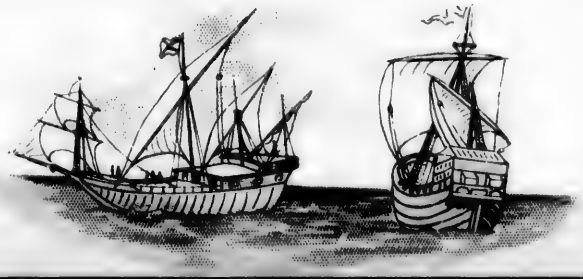


APRIL Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	F	Edict of Louis XIV.	1663
2	S	(1) "Atlantic" wrecked.	1873
3	S	Earl Selkirk's house raided.	1815
4	M	Behring Sea Arbitration begins.	1893
5	T	Report on Lord Baltimore's claim to Avalon, N'F'LD.	1754
6	W	Uniform rate of postage established.	1851
7	T	Baffins' voyage begins.	1615
8	F	Lord Selkirk died.	1820
9	S	Frontenac appt^d Governor.	1672
10	S	(12) Sir Guy Carleton appt^d Governor.	1767
11	M	Treaty of Utrecht.	1713
12	T	Admiral Sir Provo Wallis born.	1791
13	W	Sir George Prevost, Governor of N.S.	1808
14	T	Fort La Tour besieged.	1645
15	F	(24) Peace between England and France.	1629
16	S	(17) Agreement bet Columbus, Ferdinand & Isabella	1492
17	S	Alexander Mackenzie died.	1892
18	M	First issue Upper Canada Gazette.	1793
19	T	Battle of Lexington.	1775
20	W	Cartier sails from St. Malo.	1534
21	T	Fire at Hull.	1880
22	F	(23) Ashuelot attacked.	1746
23	S	Guelph founded by Galt.	1827
24	S	Battle of Fish Creek.	1885
25	M	Rebellion Losses Bill passed.	1849
26	T	Franklin's last Arctic Expedition sails.	1848
27	W	Pontiac decides to attack Detroit.	1763
28	T	Battle of Ste. Foye.	1760
29	F	(28) Siege of Fort Meigs begun.	1812
30	S	Laval Born.	1623

The Peace Anchor at Holland Landing

Monckton



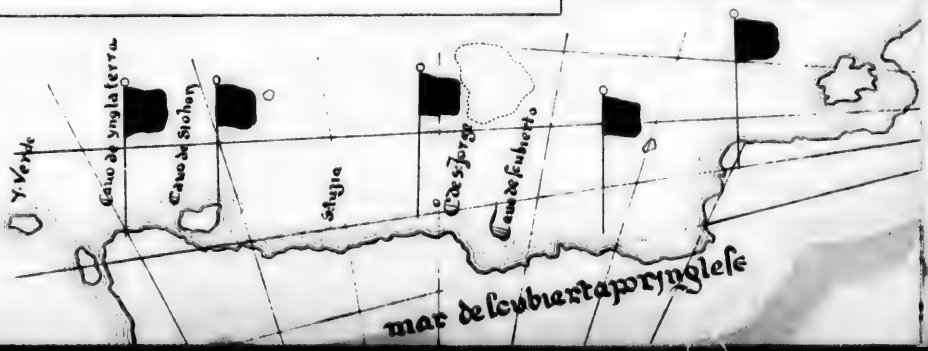
MAY Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	S	Quebec Act in force.	1774
2	M	First sod turned, C.P.R.	1881
3	T	Cartier claims Quebec for France.	1536
4	W	Church commissioned to invade Acadia.	1704
5	T	Proctor successful at Ft Meigs.	1813
6	F	Siege of Quebec raised.	1776
7	S	Lower Canada divided into Counties.	1792
8	S	Provisional Districts created, N.W.T.	1882
9	M	George Brown died.	1880
10	T	Allen takes Ft Ticonderoga.	1775
11	W	(8) Treaty of Washington.	1871
12	T	Cortereal's Letters Patent.	1500
13	F	Riot at St. John's Nfld.	1861
14	S	Wentworth, Governor, N.S.	1792
15	S	France declares war with Britain.	1744
16	M	Naval battle near Quebec.	1760
17	T	King William's war begins.	1689
18	W	First issue of "Colonial Advocate".	1824
19	T	Dark Day, N.S.	1780
20	F	Sir George E. Cartier died.	1873
21	S	Election riots at Montreal.	1832
22	S	Confederation proclaimed.	1867
23	M	Romanes died.	1894
24	T	The Queen's Birthday.	1819
25	W	Fenians invade Quebec.	1870
26	T	Poundmaker surrenders.	1885
27	F	Alaska purchased by U.S.	1867
28	S	(29) Lord Durham, Governor.	1838
29	S	Fort Loyal taken.	1690
30	M	H.B.Co. Charter renewed for 21 years.	1838
31	T	British attack Sandy Creek.	1814

JUNE Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	W	Parliament first met at York.	1796
2	T	Battle of Ridgeway.	1866
3	F	Mackenzie sets out for the North Sea.	1789
4	S	Massacre at Ft Mackinaw.	1763
5	S	Victory at Stoney Creek.	1813
6	M	De Ruyter captures St. John's, N'F'L'D	1665
7	T	(8) Type Riots in Toronto.	1826
8	W	Port Royal attacked by the English.	1707
9	T	Fire at St. John's, N'F'L'D.	1846
10	F	The Hurons abandon Christian Island.	1650
11	S	Fight near York Factory.	1815
12	S	Quebec Theatre burned.	1846
13	M	Fire at Vancouver.	1886
14	T	First C.P.R. steamer arrives from Japan.	1887
15	W	Union of the Presbyterian churches.	1875
16	T	Pepperell takes Louisbourg.	1745
17	F	Joliet & Marquette discover the Mississippi.	1673
18	S	3000 U.E. Loyalists leave Philadelphia.	1778
19	S	(18) Boundary along the great Lakes settled.	1822
20	M	Queen's accession.	1837
21	T	Halifax founded.	1749
22	W	Bill for Govt of Northwest Territories passed.	1869
23	T	Great Britain revokes the "Orders in Council".	1812
24	F	Cabot discovers the continent.	1497
25	S	Lord Dufferin, Governor.	1872
26	S	(27) Pitt recalled to office.	1757
27	M	Behring Sea Act passed.	1895
28	T	Albanel reaches Hudson's Bay.	1672
29	W	Champlain names Lake St. Peter.	1603
30	T	Marquis De Tracy, Governor.	1665

Title & part of Juan de la Cosa's Ma showing Cabot's Discoveries.



JULY Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	F	Dominion Day.	1867
2	S	Du Lhut takes possession of the Sioux Country.	1679
3	S	Champlain founds Quebec.	1608
4	M	Declaration of Independence U.S.	1776
		Three Rivers founded.	1634
5	T	Battle of Chippewa.	1814
6	W	Acadian Forts surrendered.	1670
7	T	(8) Naval Battle near Campbelltown.	1760
8	F	Simcoe, Governor of Upper Canada.	1792
9	S	Beaujeu defeats Braddock.	1755
10	S	Frazer reaches the Frazer River.	1806
11	M	British take Fort Sullivan.	1814
12	T	Riots at St. John, N.B.	1849
13	W	Hearne discovers the Coppermine River.	1771
14	T	Sir A. Mackenzie at Whale Island.	1789
15	F	Manitoba & Northwest Territories join Dominion.	1870
16	S	Representative System proclaimed.	1732
17	S	(18) Lord Selkirk's Treaty with the Crees.	1817
18	M	Kirke captures the French Fleet.	1628
19	T	Quebec surrendered to Kirke.	1629
20	W	British Columbia joins the Dominion.	1871
21	T	First Railway opened.	1836
22	F	(26) Champlain discovers Lake Nipissing.	1615
23	S	Drake leaves New Albion.	1759
24	S	Cartier takes possession at Gaspé.	1534
25	M	Ft. Niagara surrendered to Johnson.	1759
26	T	Amherst takes Ticonderoga.	1759
27	W	De Monts returns to Port Royal.	1606
28	T	Atlantic Cable laid.	1866
29	F	Schuyler's force arrives at Chambly.	1691
30	S	Dalzell defeated at Bloody Run.	1763
31	S	Prince Rupert's Land Act passed.	1868

Sir. William Johnson.

Old Fort Niagara

Landing Place

August Historic Days of Canada 1898

1	M	York (Toronto) again taken,	1813
2	T	Storming of Ft. Meigs,	1812
3	W	Columbus sails from Palos,	1492
4	T	Americans attack Ft. Michillimackinac,	1814
5	F	Action "Dominica" & "Decatur",	1814
6	S	Treaty of Grenville,	1795
7	S	Haldimand, Governor,	1777
8	M	(9) The Ashburton Treaty,	1842
9	T	Montcalm takes Ft. William Henry,	1757
10	W	Military rule ceases,	1764
11	T	Boundary bet. Ontario & Manitoba confirmed,	1884
12	F	Naval Battle near Ft Erie,	1814
13	S	Port Royal besieged,	1707
14	S	Conference with the Iroquois at Montreal,	1683
15	M	Cartier discovers Anticosti,	1535
16	T	Sedgwick takes Port Royal,	1654
17	W	First Legislative Council at Quebec,	1775
18	T	Convention of London,	1818
19	F	Phips' Fleet sails,	1690
20	S	(16) Province of N.B. erected,	1783
21	S	La Perouse takes Ft. Churchill,	1782
22	M	(24) Skirmish at Ft. George,	1813
23	T	Regina so named,	1882
24	W	Wolseley's force arrives at Ft. Garry,	1870
25	T	Bradstreet reaches Ft. Frontenac,	1758
26	F	Judge Haliburton died,	1865
27	S	James 1st grants N'f'l'd to Bacon, etc.	1610
28	S	W. L. Mackenzie died,	1861
29	M	Haverhill captured,	1708
30	T	Old Ft. Simpson abandoned,	1834
31	W	Ft. Bourbon, or York, surrendered,	1696

A Justice of the Supreme Court.

First Parliament buildings, Toronto

SEPTEMBER. Historic DAYS OF CANADA. 1898

1	T	Arctic Archipelago transferred to Canada.	1880
2	F	Allouez enters Lake Superior.	1665
3	S	Treaty of Paris.	1783
4	S	Naval action, Hudson Bay.	1696
5	M	Meeting in the Church at Grand-Pré.	1755
6	T	Sir Geo. E. Cartier born.	1814
7	W	Quebec Bank organized.	1818
8	T	Battle of Lake George.	1755
9	F	(10) Defeat on Lake Erie.	1813
10	S	Acadia granted to Sir. W. Alexander.	1621
11	S	Pilkington takes Machias.	1814
12	M	Defeat at Plattsburg.	1814
13	T	Battle of the Plains of Abraham.	1759
14	W	Award on the Alabama Claims.	1872
15	T	(14) Storm scatters D'Anville's fleet.	1746
16	F	Americans repulsed at Fresqu'Isle.	1812
17	S	Drummond successful at Ft. Erie.	1814
18	S	English re-take St. Johns, Nfld.	1762
19	M	Murray quells the Quebec mutiny.	1763
20	T	Treaty of Ryswick.	1697
21	W	Gananoque raided.	1812
22	T	Cook appointed to the "Northumberland."	1759
23	F	Talon Intendant.	1665
24	S	Sir Guy Carleton, Governor.	1766
25	S	Storm scatters Holbourne's fleet.	1756
26	M	Drake's voyage round the world ends.	1580
27	T	(25) Balboa discovers the Pacific.	1513
28	W	Cartier discovers Lake St. Peter.	1535
29	T	English renew treaty with the Iroquois.	1696
30	F	(28) Legislative Council abolished N.B.	1892

PITT - EARL OF CHATHAM

THEY WERE EQUAL IN GLORY

OCTOBER Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	S	Americans repulsed at Four Corners,	1813
2	S	Acadia surrendered to Britain,	1710
3	M	De Soisson's Commission,	1612
4	T	Boundary Commissioners meet,	1796
5	W	Battle of the Thames,	1813
6	T	McKinley Tariff Bill in force,	1890
7	F	Quebec proclaimed a separate Government,	1763
8	S	Cortreal's caraval returns to Portugal,	1501
9	S	Cape Breton re-united to N.S.	1820
10	M	De Barre's conference with the Iroquois,	1682
11	T	Battle of Lake Champlain,	1776
12	W	Columbus discovers the New World,	1492
13	T	Battle of Queenston Heights,	1812
		Gt. Britain declares war with the U.S.	1812
14	F	Carleton occupies Crown Point,	1776
15	S	(14) D'Iberville takes fort on Hudson Bay,	1694
16	S	St. Croix River made the S.E. boundary line,	1798
17	M	Sir John Macdonald again Premier,	1878
18	T	Treaty of Aix-La-Chapelle,	1748
19	W	St. Alban's Raid,	1864
20	T	(18) Montgomery captures Chambly,	1775
21	F	Magellan discovers Magellan Straits,	1520
22	S	Phips retreats,	1690
23	S	Attack on St. Regis,	1812
24	M	Lord Monk, Governor,	1861
25	T	Death of Sir John Graves Simcoe,	1806
26	W	Victory at Chateauguay,	1813
27	T	(6) Manitoulin Island Treaty,	1862
28	F	Drake enters the Pacific,	1577
29	S	Last meeting of the Quebec Conference,	1864
30	S	Fisheries Convention signed,	1818
31	M	Sir Oliver Mowat, Premier, Ont.	1872

THUNDER CHILD

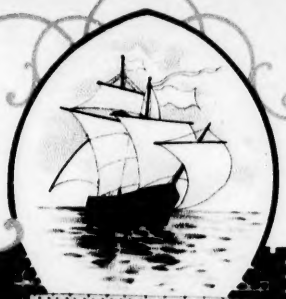
But how the People first begun in that Countrey, or whens they came for··· Clerkes it is a questyon

NOVEMBER Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898

1	T	Siege of Detroit raised,	1763
2	W	St. Johns surrenders to Montgomery,	1775
3	T	Bank of Montreal opens,	1817
4	F	First steamer on the St. Lawrence,	1809
5	S	Fort Erie evacuated,	1814
6	S	Raid of Kentucky Rifles stopped,	1814
7	M	(10) Municipal Loan Fund Act passed,	1852
8	T	Henry IV commissions De Monts,	1603
9	W	Battle of Odelltown,	1838
10	T	Kingston attacked by U.S. forces,	1812
11	F	Victory at Chrysler's Farm,	1813
12	S	Jonathan Sewell died,	1839
13	S	Condé appointed Viceroy,	1612
14	M	Williams surrenders Kars,	1855
15	T	"L'Auguste" wrecked,	1761
16	W	Treaty of Neutrality,	1686
17	T	Vancouver united to British Columbia,	1866
18	F	(19) Jay's Treaty,	1794
19	S	Deed of Surrender H.B.Co. to the Crown,	1869
20	S	Invaders repulsed at Odelltown,	1812
21	M	(20) Sir Wilfrid Laurier born,	1841
22	T	First issue "Le Canadien",	1806
23	W	Halifax Fisheries Commission Award,	1877
24	T	Naval skirmish near Quebec,	1759
25	F	English take possession of Ft. Duquesne,	1758
26	S	Fight at Petty Harbor,	1696
27	S	The Baldwin ministry resigns,	1843
28	M	Skirmish near Ft. Erie,	1812
29	T	George Brown born,	1818
30	W	D'Iberville takes St. Johns, Nfld.	1696

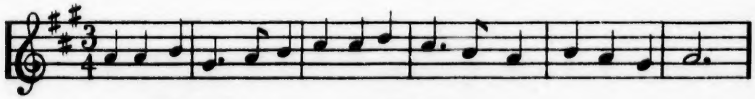
Sydenham

DECEMBER Historic DAYS OF CANADA 1898



1	T	Arnold & Montgomery's forces unite.	1775
2	F	(4) Pitt, Secretary of State.	1756
3	S	Conference with the Penobscots.	1741
4	S	Williams of Kars born.	1800
5	M	"Plumper" wrecked.	1812
6	T	Insurgents defeated at Moore's Corners.	1838
7	W	Hearne begins his third voyage.	1770
8	T	U.S. forces besiege Quebec.	1775
9	F	Fernandez' patent from Henry VII.	1502
10	S	Fort George evacuated by Mc Clure.	1813
11	S	Osgoode appt'd to the King's Bench.	1794
12	M	Sir John Thompson died.	1894
13	T	Drake begins his voyage round the world.	1577
14	W	(11) Treaty of Whitehall.	1687
15	T	Rebels surrender at St. Benoit.	1837
16	F	(18) Seigneurial Tenure abolished.	1854
17	S	First Legislature meets B.C.	1868
18	S	Act to appropriate proceeds Clergy Reserves passed.	1854
19	M	Lewiston destroyed.	1813
20	T	Edward Blake, Premier, Ont.	1871
21	W	Grant to Hudson's Bay Co.	1821
22	T	"Embargo Act" passed	1807
23	F	(26) Constitutional Act becomes law.	1791
24	S	Treaty of Ghent.	1814
25	S	Champlain died.	1635
26	M	Riots in Newfoundland.	1883
27	T	Napoleon issues the "Milan Decrees".	1807
28	W	Chauvin's commission re-affirmed.	1602
29	T	Action "Constitution" & "Java".	1812
30	F	(29) The "Caroline" burned.	1837
31	S	Black Rock captured.	1813

De Bougainville



"The Queen

that wears a

Compiled by
SARA MICKLE
assisted by MARY AGNES FITZ-GIBBON
Drawings by
E. P. KELLY
Designed & Executed by the
Toronto Lithographing Co

Wm. BRIGGS
BOOKSELLER
29 RICHMOND ST. W
TORONTO